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Claims:

1. A method for treating Parkinson's disease, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of at least one PPARy agonist to a subject.

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- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said PPARy agonist is selected from thiazolidinedione and thiazolidinedione derivatives.
- The method of claim 2, wherein said thiazololidinedione derivatives are
 selected from troglitazone, ciglitazone, pioglitazone, rosiglitazone, englitazone,
 GW7845 and farglitazone.
- The method of claim 1, wherein said PPARγ agonist is selected from indole-derived compounds, indole 5-carboxylic acid derivatives, and 2,3-disubstituted
 indole 5-phenylacetic acid derivatives.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said PPARy agonist is an L-tyrosine-derived compound.
- 20 6. The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is selected from subjects identified as being susceptible to Parkinson's disease and subjects suffering from Parkinson's disease.
- 7. The method of claim 2, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said thiazolidinedione and thiazolidinedione derivatives is between 0.1 mg to 100 mg.
 - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein said agonist is administered orally.
- A method of reducing the activation of microglial cells in the substantia
 nigra pars compacta of a subject, comprising administering to said subject a therapeutically effective amount of at least one PPARγ agonist.